



UnitedHealthcare Pharmacy
Clinical Pharmacy Programs

Program Number	2024 P 1138-13
Program	Prior Authorization/Regulatory
Medication	Breast Cancer Prevention Zero Dollar Cost Share - generic tamoxifen (applies to 20 mg dose only), generic raloxifene, generic aromatase inhibitors (anastrozole, letrozole, or exemestane)
P&T Approval Date	7/2014, 8/2014, 5/2015, 8/2015, 7/2016, 7/2017, 4/2018, 6/2019, 12/2019, 7/2020, 8/2021, 1/2023, 4/2024
Effective Date	7/1/2024

1. Background:

The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF)¹ recommends that clinicians engage in shared, informed decision making with women who are at increased risk for breast cancer about medications to reduce their risk. For women who are at increased risk of breast cancer and at low risk of adverse medication effects, clinicians should offer to prescribe risk-reducing medications.

This program is designed to meet Health Care Reform requirements which require coverage of tamoxifen tablets, raloxifene or aromatase inhibitors [anastrozole (generic Arimidex), letrozole (generic Femara), or exemestane (generic Aromasin)] at zero-dollar cost share if being used for primary prevention of breast cancer and criteria are met.

2. Coverage Criteria:

<p>A. Upon request, coverage at zero-dollar cost share will be approved based on <u>all</u> of the following criteria:</p> <p>1. Member is greater than or equal to 35 years of age^a</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-AND-</p> <p>2. Member does not have a prior diagnosis of <u>any</u> of the following:</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">a. breast cancer b. ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-AND-</p> <p>3. Member is at low risk for adverse medication effects</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-AND-</p> <p>4. Member is at increased risk for breast cancer</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-AND-</p> <p>5. <u>One</u> of the following:</p>

a. Request is for generic tamoxifen 20mg once daily

-OR-

b. Both of the following:

i. Member is post-menopausal

-AND-

ii. **One** of the following:

- (1) Request is for generic raloxifene 60 mg once daily
- (2) Request is for generic anastrozole
- (3) Request is for generic letrozole
- (4) Request is for generic exemestane, and member has had failure, contraindication or adverse reaction to anastrozole or letrozole

Authorization will be issued for zero copay with deductible bypass for up to a total of 60 months (please determine if member has already received some length of therapy and if so subtract from total approval period).

* Typically excluded from coverage for the majority of business

^a Not applicable to plans situated in District of Columbia

3. Additional Clinical Rules:

- Notwithstanding Coverage Criteria, UnitedHealthcare may approve initial and re-authorization based solely on previous claim/medication history, diagnosis codes (ICD-10) and/or claim logic. Use of automated approval and re-approval processes varies by program and/or therapeutic class.

4. References:

1. U.S. Preventive Services Task Force <http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/>
Accessed 3/2024

Program	Prior Authorization/Regulatory - Breast Cancer Prevention Zero Dollar Cost Share - Tamoxifen (applies to 20 mg dose only), raloxifene
Change Control	
Date	Change
7/2014	New program.
8/2014	Added criteria for Evista requiring raloxifene as first line agent
5/2015	Updated references.
8/2015	Removed criterion requiring patient to be female per HCR requirements
7/2016	Annual review. Minor revisions to background section.
7/2017	Annual review. Administrative updates. Updated references.
4/2018	Update for District of Columbia regulatory requirements.
6/2019	Annual review. Updated references and additional clinical rules.
12/2019	Removed brand Evista and Soltomox from criteria. Medications have been removed from first line Non Healthcare Reform Preventive Medication.
7/2020	Added coverage of Aromatase Inhibitors as in scope.
8/2021	Annual review. Updated references.
1/2023	Updated references.
4/2024	Annual review. Removed requirement that member does not have a prior diagnosis of LCIS. Removed no prior history of thromboembolic events and replaced with low risk for adverse medication effects. Removed 5-year risk assessment and replaced with increased risk of breast cancer. Updated references.